**R10** 

Set No. 1

Code No: **R42021** 

## IV B.Tech II Semester Regular Examinations, April/May - 2014 DIGITAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

(Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

Time : 3 hours Max. M			
		Answer any Five Questions	
		All Questions carry equal marks *****	
1	· ·	Explain about the shifting and scaling operator. Discuss briefly about the linear time invariant and causal systems.	[8] [7]
2		Write the mapping points between S-Plane and Z-plane. Find the z-transform of (i) unit step (ii) $f(t)=t e^{-at}$	[7] [8]
3	a) b)	Explain about the weighted resistor 3 bit D/A converter? Explain any examples of data control systems?	[7] [8]
4	a)		[7]
	b)	one method? A discrete time system is described by the differential equation $y(k + 2) + 5y(k + 1) + 6y(k) = 4U(k)$ assuming initial conditions are $y(0) = 1$ , $y(1) = 0$ , T = 1 sec. Find the state transition matrix.	[8]
5	a) b)	Explain the Duality between controllability and observability. Consider that a digital control system is described by the state equation. x(k + 1) = Ax(k) + Bu(k) Where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ , Determine the controllability of the system.	[7] [8]
6	a)	Explain the following mapping between the S-Plane and the Z-Plane. (i) Primary strips and complementary Strips (ii) Constant frequency loci (iii) Constant damping ratio loci	[12]
	b)	Explain the stability conditions of closed loop systems in the Z over in the S- plane.	[3]
7	a) b)	Write the transient response specifications? Explain the design procedure in the w-plane?	[7] [8]
8	a)	Discuss the necessary conditions for design of state feedback controller	[10]
	b)	through pole placement? Explain about the state observers?	[5]



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Derive the necessary and sufficient conditions for design of state feedback

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controller through pole placement?

#### IV B.Tech II Semester Regular Examinations, April/May - 2014 **DIGITAL CONTROL SYSTEMS** (Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

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Explain in detail about the periodic and nonperiodic signals with a neat sketch?

Time : 3 hours

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2	a)	Solve the following difference equation $y(k+2) + 3y(k+1) + 2y(k) = 0; y(-1) = -\frac{1}{2}, y(-2) = \frac{3}{4}$	[5]
	b) c)	Obtain the z transform of $f(t) = e^{-at}$ Find the inverse z-transform of $F(Z) = \frac{1}{Z(Z-0.2)}$	[5] [5]
3	a) b)	State and prove the sampling theorem? Derive transfer functions for the following data hold circuits. (i) Zero order hold circuit (ii) First order hold circuit	[7] [8]
4	a) b)	Write the controllable and diagonal canonical forms? Consider a discrete linear data control system, whose input-output relation is described by the difference equation $y(k + 2) + 2y(k + 1) + y(k) = u(k)$ initial conditions are $x(0) = 0$ and $x(1) = 1$ . Test the state controllable and observable canonical forms?	[7] [8]
5	a) b)	Explain the concepts of controllability and observability. Investigate the controllability and observability of the digital system. $x(k+1) = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} x(k) + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u(k) \text{ and } y(k) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} x(k)$	[7] [8]
6	a) b)	List the difference between the Jury stability test and stability analysis using bilinear transformation coupled with routh stability criterion? Consider the discrete time unity feedback control system (T=1 sec) whose open loop pulse transfer function is given by	[7] [8]
		$G(z) = \frac{K(0.3679Z + 0.2642)}{(Z - 0.3679)(Z - 1)}$ Determine the range of K for stability by use of the Jury stability test.	
7	a)	Discuss about the response of a linear time invariant discrete time system to a sinusoidal input?	[7]
	b)	Sinusoidal input? Consider the system defined by $x(kT) = u(kT) + ax((k-1)T)$ , $0 < a < 1$ Where u(kT) is the input and x(kT) the output. Obtain the steady state output x(kT), when the input u(kT) is the sampled sinusoidal.	[8]

**Answer any Five Questions** All Questions carry equal marks

Max. Marks: 75

[15]

[15]

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Time : 3 hours

# IV B.Tech II Semester Regular Examinations, April/May - 2014

### DIGITAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

#### (Electrical and Electronics Engineering)

#### Answer any Five Questions All Questions carry equal marks

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1		Discuss in detail about the continuous and discrete time signals with neat sketches?	[15]
2	a)	Obtain the Z-transform of the following	[8]
		(i) $x(t) = \frac{1}{a}(1 - e^{-at})$ (ii) $x(t) = t^2 e^{-at}$ where 'a' is constant	
	b)	Consider $x(z)$ where $x(z) = \frac{2z^3 + z}{(z-2)^2(z-1)}$ obtain the inverse Z-transform of	[7]
		x(z).	
3	a)	What are the various types of analog to digital converters? Explain successive approximation type analog to digital converters with neat schematic diagram?	[8]
	b)	Describe the sample and hold operations?	[7]
4		1 1	[7]
	b)	Obtain the state transition matrix of the following discrete time system x(k + 1) = Gx(k) + Hu(k)	[8]
		y(k) = Cx(k) Where	
		$G = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}, H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	
5		Explain the test for controllability and observability.	[7]
	b)	Given the system x (k+1)=Ax (k)+Bu(k)	[8]
		y(k)=c x(k) Where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$ , $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ , $C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	
		Where $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$ , $b = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \end{bmatrix}$ , $c = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ Determine the state controllability of the system.	
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6	a) b)	State and explain the jury stability test. Using Jury's stability criterion find the range of K, for which the characteristic equation $z^3 + Kz^2 + 1.5Kz - (K + 1) = 0$ is closed loop stable.	[8] [7]
7	a)	Explain the relation between the bilinear transformation and the w plane?	[7]
	b)	Discuss the review of phase lag, lead and lag-lead compensator?	[8]
8	a)	Explain the sufficient conditions for design of state feedback controller through pole placement?	[7]
	b)	Derive the ackerman's formula?	[8]
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Set No. 3

Max. Marks: 75

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Set No. 4 **R10** Code No: **R42021** IV B.Tech II Semester Regular Examinations, April/May - 2014 **DIGITAL CONTROL SYSTEMS** (Electrical and Electronics Engineering) Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 75 **Answer any Five Questions** All Questions carry equal marks \*\*\*\*\* 1 a) Explain about the discrete time signals with a neat sketch? [8] b) Describe about the nonperiodic signals with a neat sketch? [7] 2 a) State and prove the following Z-Transform theorems [7] (i) Shifting theorem (left & right) (ii) Initial value theorem (iii) Final value theorem b) Find the Z-transform of the following [8]  $f(t) = e^{-at} \sin \omega t$ (i) (ii) 3 a) What are the advantages of sampling process in control systems? [5] b) Explain any two types of digital to analog converters with a neat circuit? [10] 4 a) What are the state space representation forms and explain them. [8] b) Consider the following system. [7]  $\frac{Y(z)}{U(Z)} = \frac{Z+1}{Z^2+1.3Z+0.4}$ Obtain the state space representation forms of controllable and observable canonical forms. 5 a) Derive the necessary condition for the digital control system [7] X(K+1) = AX(K) + Bu(K)C(k) = DX(K) to be observable. b) Examine whether the discrete data system [8]  $x(k+1) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} x(k) + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} u(k)$  $y(k) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} x(k)$ Is (i) state controllable (ii) output controllable and (iii) observable. Discuss the stability analysis of discrete control system using (i) Routh stability 6 a) [7] criteria (ii) Bilinear transformation b) Using Jury's stability criterion, determine the stability of the following discrete [8] time systems (i)  $z^3 + 3.3z^2 + 4z + 0.8 = 0$  (ii)  $z^3 - 1.1z^2 - 0.1z + 0.2 = 0$ 

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[10]

- 7 a) Explain about the digital PID controllers with neat sketch?
  - b) Consider the transfer function system shown. The sampling period T is assumed to be 0.1 sec. obtain G(w).

